and it Subsidiary

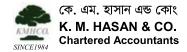
FINANCIAL STATEMENTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTY Sear Ended June, 2022

Consolidated

Statement of Financial Position	- 68
Statement of Profit or Loss and	
other Comprehensive Income	- 69
Statement of Changes in Equity	- 70
Statement of Cash Flows	- 71
Basis of Preparation and	
Presentation	- 72
Employees Benefit Scheme	- 75
Financial Risk Management	- 76
Related Party Transaction	- 78
Property, Plants and Equipment	- 87

Standalone

Statement of Financial Position	- 88
Statement of Profit or Loss and	
other Comprehensive Income	- 89
Statement of Changes in Equity	- 90
Statement of Cash Flows	- 91
Basis of Preparation and	
Presentation	- 92
Employees Benefit Scheme	- 95
Financial Risk Management	- 96
Related Party Transaction	- 98
Property, Plants and Equipment	- 11:
Schedule of Share Capital	- 113



Hometown Apartment (8th& 9th Floor) 87, New Eskaton Road, Dhaka-1000 Phone: 9351457, 9351564,8358817 Fax:88-02-9345792 E-mail: info@kmhasan.com.bd

E-mail: info@kmhasan.com.bd website: www.kmhasan.com.bd



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SQUARE TEXTILES LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED & SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of SQUARE TEXTILES LIMITED and its subsidiary (the 'Group') as well as the separate financial statements of SQUARE TEXTILES LIMITED (the 'Company') which comprise the consolidated and separate statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 and the consolidated and separate statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated and separate statement of changes in equity and consolidated and separate statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

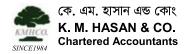
In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements give true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the separate financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2022, and of its consolidated and separate financial performance and its consolidated and separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated and separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Hometown Apartment (8th& 9th Floor) 87, New Eskaton Road, Dhaka-1000 Phone: 9351457, 9351564,8358817 Fax: 88-02-9345792

E-mail: info@kmhasan.com.bd website: www.kmhasan.com.bd



Key audit matter description

How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter.

Property, plant and Equipment

The carrying value of the PPE amounted to Taka 6,709,043,427 as at 30 June 2022. The valuation of PPE was identified as a key audit matter due to the significance of this balance to the financial statements.

Expenditures are capitalized if they create new or enhance the existing assets, and expensed if they relate to repair or maintenance of the assets. Classification of the expenditures involves judgment. The useful lives of PPE items are based on management's estimates regarding the period during which the asset or its significant components will be used. The estimates are based on historical experience and market practice and take into consideration the physical condition of the assets.

See note no. 4 for details.

Our audit included the following procedures:

- We assessed whether the accounting policies in relation to the capitalization of expenditures are in compliance with IFRS and found them to be consistent.
- We obtained a listing of capital expenditures incurred during the year and, on a sample basis, checked whether the items were procured based on internal purchase order that had been properly approved by the responsible individuals.
- We inspected a sample of invoices and L/ C documents to determine whether the classification between capital and operating expenditure was appropriate.
- We evaluated whether the useful lives determined and applied by the management were in line with historical experience and the market practice.
- We checked whether the depreciation of PPE items was commenced timely, by comparing the date of the reclassification from capital in progress to ready for use, with the date of the act of completion of the work.

Revenue Recognition

The Group reported total revenue of Taka 17,432,248,763. Revenue is recognized when the amounts and the related costs are reliably measured and the performance obligation is complete through passing of control to the customers. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized at the time when the goods are transferred to the buyer and control has passed.

We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the group and therefore there is an inherent risk of manipulation of the timing of recognition of revenue by management to meet specific targets or expectations.

We focused on the proper cut-off sale to the Group's customers There is a risk of differences between the timing of invoicing of products and the dispatch of the products.

See note no. 21 for details.

- We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following:
- We assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition accounting policy in line with IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers"
- Tested the internal control over financial reporting. We also assessed the existence and accuracy of the sales recorded;
- We performed analytical test to understand how the revenue has trended over the year among other parameters, we performed a detailed substantive testing on transactions around the year end to ensure revenues were recognized in the correct accounting period. We also tested journal entries focusing on sales transactions;
- Verified VAT return with General Ledger.
- We obtained supporting documents for sales, transactions recorded during the year; and
- Finally assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against relevant accounting standards.





Key audit matter description	How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter						
Valuation of Receivables							
The Group has a trade receivable of Taka 4,593,515,616 as at 30 June 2022.	Our substantive procedures in relation to the assessing valuation of receivable comprises the following:						
Trade receivable of the group comprise	 Obtained a list of outstanding receivables; 						
mainly receivables regarding the sale of yarns	Reconciliation of receivables ageing to general ledger;						
which is secured by Letter of Credit (L/C).	 Conducting cut-off testing at the year-end; 						
See note no. 8 for details.	 Reviewing subsequent receipt of receivables balance. 						
Valuation of Inventories							
The amount of inventory is Taka 2,471,466,477 as at 30 June 2022 held in warehouses and across multiple product lines in factory.	We obtained assurance over relevance and appropriateness of management's assumptions applied in calculating the value of the inventories by:						
Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. As a result, management	 Evaluating the design and implementation of key inventory controls operating across the factory and warehouse; 						
has applied judgement in determining the appropriate values for inventories.	 Reconciling the inventories with opening inventories, purchase, production and sales during the period and with closing inventories; 						
While excess holding of inventories could impact efficient use of working capital similarly lower level of inventories can result in stock	 Testing, on a sample basis the stock expiry dates and the market price used in assessing the net realizable values of inventories of the related supporting documents. 						
outs or irregular supply to the market. See note no. 7 for details.	 Comparing the net realizable value, obtained through a detailed review of sales subsequent to the year-end, to the cost price of a sample of inventories. 						
Measurement of deferred tax liability							
The net deferred tax liability is Taka	We carried out the following substantive testing for this item.						
320,533,438 as at 30 June 2022. Significant judgment is required in relation to deferred tax liabilities as it is dependent on	 We checked deferred tax expenses and liabilities in the financial statements and compare them with the Group's calculation and records; 						
forecasts of future profitability over a number of years.	 We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operational effectiveness of the Group's key controls over the recognition and measurement 						
See note no. 15 for details.	of deferred tax liabilities and the assumptions used in estimating the Group's future taxable income.						
	 We involved tax specialists to assess key assumptions, controls, recognition and measurement of deferred tax liabilities. 						
	 We also assessed the appropriateness of presentation of disclosures against IAS-12 Income Taxes. 						

কে. এম. হাসান এন্ড কোং K. M. HASAN & CO. Chartered Accountants

Hometown Apartment (8th& 9th Floor) 87, New Eskaton Road, Dhaka-1000 Phone : 9351457, 9351564,8358817 Fax: 38-02-9345792

E-mail: info@kmhasan.com.bd website: www.kmhasan.com.bd



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the consolidated and separate financial statements and our auditors report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated and the separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and the separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and the separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

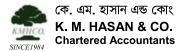
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), the Companies Act 1994, The Securities and Exchange Rules 1987, relevant notifications issued by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission and other applicable laws and regulation and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a



Hometown Apartment (8th& 9th Floor) 87, New Eskaton Road, Dhaka-1000 Phone: 9351457, 9351564,8358817 Fax: 88-02-9345792

E-mail: info@kmhasan.com.bd website: www.kmhasan.com.bd



guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible
 for our audit opinion.

কে. এম. হাসান এন্ড কোং K. M. HASAN & CO. Chartered Accountants

Hometown Apartment (8th& 9th Floor) 87, New Eskaton Road, Dhaka-1000 Phone : 9351457, 9351564,8358817 Fax: 38-02-9345792

E-mail: info@kmhasan.com.bd website: www.kmhasan.com.bd

McMillan Woods
International.UK
Professionalism at the forefront

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act, 1994 and the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987, we also report the following:

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Group and the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of these books;
- c) The consolidated and the separate statements of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of accounts and return; and
- d) The expenditure incurred was for the purposes of the Group's and the Company's business.

Dated: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

Md. Farhad Husain Suman FCA Partner, K. M. HASAN & CO. Chartered Accountants Enrollment No-1635

DVC: 2211021635AS939692

AND IT'S SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Particulars	Notes	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		Taka	Taka
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets	_	8,099,886,485	7,064,213,305
Property, Plant & Equipment- Carrying Value	04	6,709,043,427	6,959,450,279
Capital Work In Progress	05	1,334,559,298	48,479,266
Goodwill	06	56,283,760	56,283,760
Current Assets	_	8,180,523,588	9,197,615,462
Inventories	07	2,471,466,477	2,664,689,616
Trade Receivables	08	4,593,515,616	4,808,315,632
Advances, Deposits & Prepayments	09	474,565,334	285,303,153
Cash & Cash Equivalents	10	640,976,161	1,439,307,061
TOTAL ASSETS	-	16,280,410,073	16,261,828,767
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY & LIABILITIES:			
Shareholders' Equity	_	9,196,250,437	7,632,190,882
Share Capital	11	1,972,520,000	1,972,520,000
Retained Earnings	12	7,223,730,437	5,659,670,882
Non controlling Interest	13	15,174,768	14,998,970
Non-Current Liabilities	_	623,866,770	2,953,119,459
Long Term Borrowings	14	303,333,332	2,643,055,059
Deferred Tax Liability	15	320,533,438	310,064,400
Current Liabilities & Provisions		6,445,118,098	5,661,519,456
Short Term Bank Loan (Secured)	16	5,826,639,696	5,325,169,465
Creditors & Other Payables	17	84,900,098	79,091,985
Liabilities for Others Finance	18	153,411,550	101,137,300
Unclaimed Dividend	19	8,651,750	54,851,342
Provision for Income Tax	20	371,515,004	101,269,364
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY & LIABILITIES	- -	16,280,410,073	16,261,828,767
Net Asset Value Per Share	31	46.62	38.69

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

Tapan Chowdhury Chairman

Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

AND IT'S SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Particulars	Notes	2021-2022	2020-2021
	-	Taka	Taka
Sales Revenue	21	17,432,248,763	13,293,569,580
Cost of Goods Sold	22	(14,516,119,136)	(11,858,829,437)
Gross Profit		2,916,129,627	1,434,740,143
Administrative Overhead	23	(272,101,038)	(248,071,111)
Selling and Distribution Overhead	24	(25,180,274)	(19,905,333)
Profit from Operations	-	2,618,848,315	1,166,763,699
Finance Cost	25	(250,393,099)	(350,243,865)
Non-Operating Income	26	56,734,401	15,549,638
Profit Before W.P.P.F & W.F	-	2,425,189,617	832,069,472
Allocation for W.P.P.F & W.F	27	(115,485,220)	(39,622,356)
Profit Before Tax	-	2,309,704,397	792,447,116
Income Tax Expenses	28	(340,496,006)	(71,030,032)
Deferred Tax (Expenses)/Income	29	(10,469,038)	(49,496,639)
Profit After Tax for The Period	-	1,958,739,353	671,920,445
Non-Controlling Interest		(175,798)	(57,994)
Net Income for the Period	-	1,958,563,555	671,862,451
Earnings Per Share (EPS)	30	9.93	3.41

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

Tapan Chowdhury

Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

AND IT'S SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amount in Taka

Particulars	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at July 01, 2021	1,972,520,000	5,659,670,882	7,632,190,882
Net Profit For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	-	1,958,563,555	1,958,563,555
Cash Dividend for 2020-21	-	(394,504,000)	(394,504,000)
Balance As at June 30, 2022	1,972,520,000	7,223,730,437	9,196,250,437

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amount in Taka

Particulars	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at July 01, 2020	1,972,520,000	5,185,060,431	7,157,580,431
Net Profit For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	-	671,862,451	671,862,451
Cash Dividend for 2019-20	-	(197,252,000)	(197,252,000)
Balance As at June 30, 2021	1,972,520,000	5,659,670,882	7,632,190,882

Tapan Chowdhury
Chairman

Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

AND IT'S SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Particulars	Notes	2021-2022	2020-2021
	_	July to June Taka	July to June Taka
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from Sales Revenue		17,647,048,779	12,491,444,808
Exchange Fluctuation Gain/(Loss) -Realization from Transection		30,826,820	(17,478,566)
Receipts/ (Payment) from Other Income/ Expenses		26,752,977	37,242,641
Total Receipts		17,704,628,576	12,511,208,883
Payment to Supplies and Other Services		(11,207,647,572)	(8,405,078,614)
Paid for Operating & Non-operating Expenses		(2,832,537,336)	(2,555,019,146)
Interest Expenses Paid		(253,503,210)	(233,971,619)
Income Tax Paid		(205,164,840)	(68,676,015)
Total Payments		(14,498,852,958)	(11,262,745,394)
Net Cash Generated/ (Used in) from Operating Activities		3,205,775,618	1,248,463,489
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment		(1,727,524,270)	(596,571,733)
Sales of Property, Plant & Equipment		7,480,000	11,496,474
Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Investing Activities		(1,720,044,270)	(585,075,259)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	_		
Long Term Loan Received/ (Repaid)		(2,675,959,956)	2,643,055,059
Short Term Bank Loan Received/ (Repaid)		837,708,460	1,435,371,185
Short Term Loan from/ (To) Sister Company		-	(3,397,290,511)
Payment of Dividend		(440,703,592)	(197,252,000)
Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Financing Activities		(2,278,955,088)	483,883,733
Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(793,223,740)	1,147,271,963
Net effect of foreign currency translation		(5,107,160)	(4,471,223)
Opening Cash & Cash Equivalents		1,439,307,061	296,506,321
Closing Cash & Cash Equivalents	=	640,976,161	1,439,307,061
Net Operating Cash Flows Per Share	32	16.25	6.33

Tapan Chowdhury Chairman

Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

AND IT'S SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. Establishment and Operations:

1.1 Legal Form of the Enterprises:

Square Textiles Limited (Here in after said as the company) is a public limited company and its subsidiary, Square Texcom Limited incorporated with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Firms, Dhaka, Bangladesh under Companies Act, 1913 and Companies Act, 1994 respectably. The Square Textiles Limited is listed with the Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd. and Chittagong Stock Exchange Ltd. in 2002.

1.2 Address of Registered office and factory of the company:

- a) Registered Office: Square Centre 48, Mohakhali C/A, Dhaka -1212,
- b) Factory Office:
 - i. Saradaganj, Kashimpur, Gazipur
 - ii. Olipur, Habiganj, Sylhet.
- c) Factory Office of Square Texcom Limited: Kathali, valuka, Mymensingh.

1.3 Nature of Business:

The group owns Six (6) units of spinning mills, and a twisting mill. It's activities and operations are related with manufacturing and marketing of Yarns.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies and other material information:

2.1 Statement of Compliance:

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1994, The Securities and Exchanges Rules 1987, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and other relevant rules and regulations.

2.2 Basis of Consolidation:

These consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated financial position and the consolidated results of operation of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as 'Group') on a line by line and non-controlling interest are shown separately as a line item of the statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income.

Subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are enterprise controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account. The results of operations and total assets and liabilities of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements on a line by-line basis and the interest of non-controlling shareholders, if any, in results and net assets of subsidiaries are stated separately. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in consolidated financial statement of the Group from the dated control commence until the date control ceases. Any gain or loss, increase/decrease in non-controlling in subsidiaries without a change control, is recognized as a component of equity.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation:

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

2.3 Basis of Preparation:

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern principle and historical cost convention. The significant accounting policies are set out next page.

2.4 Statement on Compliance of International Financial Reporting Standards:

The following IASs and IFRSs are applicable for the financial statements for the year under review:

S/N	Name of the IAS	IAS No.	Status
1	Presentation of Financial Statements	1	Applied
2	Inventories	2	Applied
3	Statement of Cash Flows	7	Applied
4	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	8	Applied
5	Events after the reporting period	10	Applied
6	Construction Contracts	11	Replaced by IFRS 15
7	Income Taxes	12	Applied
8	Property, Plant and Equipment	16	Applied
9	Leases	17	Replaced by IFRS 16
10	Revenue	18	Replaced by IFRS 15
11	Employee Benefits	19	Applied
12	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance	20	Not Applicable
13	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	21	Applied
14	Borrowing Costs	23	Applied
15	Related Party Disclosures	24	Applied
16	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans	26	Not Applicable
17	Separate Financial Statements	27	Applied
18	Investment In Associates and Joint Ventures	28	Not Applicable
19	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economics	29	Not Applicable
20	Financial Instruments: Presentation	32	Applied
21	Earnings per share	33	Applied
22	Interim Financial Reporting	34	Applied
23	Impairment of Assets	36	Applied
24	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	37	Applied
25	Intangible Assets	38	Applied
26	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	39	Replaced by IFRS 9
27	Investment Property	40	Not Applicable
28	Agriculture	41	Not Applicable

S/N	Name of the IFRS	IFRS No.	Status
1	First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	1	Not Applicable
2	Shares based Payment	2	Not Applicable
3	Business Combinations	3	Not Applicable
4	Insurance Contract	4	Not Applicable
5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	5	Not Applicable
6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources	6	Not Applicable
7	Financial Instruments: Disclosure	7	Applied
8	Operating Segments	8	Not Applicable
9	Financial Instrument	9	Applied
10	Consolidated Financial Statements	10	Applied
11	Joint Arrangement	11	Not Applicable
12	Disclosure of Interest in other entities	12	Applied
13	Fair Value Measurement	13	Applied
14	Regulatory deferral accounts	14	Not Applicable
15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	15	Applied
16	Leases	16	Applied

2.5 Going Concern:

As per IAS-1 the group is required to make assessment at the end of each year to assess its capability to continue as going concern. The management of the group makes such assessment each year. The group has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and has wide coverage of its liabilities. For this reason, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern assumption while the financial statements have been prepared.

2.6 Accrual Basis:

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared, except cash flow information using the accrual basis of accounting.

2.7 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Bangladesh Taka (BDT or Tk) which is the group functional currency.

2.8 Structure Contents and Presentation of Financial Statements:

The presentation of the financial statements is in accordance with the guidelines provided by IAS-1.

"Presentation of Financial Statements". A complete set of financial statements comprise:

- i) Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2022;
- ii) Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income for the year ended June 30, 2022;
- iii) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended June 30, 2022;
- iv) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended June 30, 2022 and
- v) Notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

2.9 Use of Estimates and Judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on past experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In particular, significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that has the most significant effect on the amount recognized in the financial statements are income tax provision (both current and deferred tax), depreciation and gratuity provision.

2.10 Statement of Cash Flows:

Statement of cash flows has been prepared as per IAS 7: Statement of Cash Flows using Direct Method as per the requirement of Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

3.0 Property, Plant and Equipment:

As per IAS-16, Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at their historical cost less accumulated depreciation. No depreciation has been charged on the Freehold Land and on the Capital work in progress. Depreciation is charged on all other assets on straight-line method. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with IFRS 5 and the date that the assets are derecognized.

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Particulars	Useful Life (Years)
Factory Building and other Construction	20
Plant & Machinery	10-15
Laboratory & other Equipment	5-8
Furniture & Fixture	5-8
Motor Vehicles	5
Electrical Installation	5-8

3.1 Subsequent Costs:

The cost of replacing or upgrading part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the group and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss.

3.2 Disposal of Fixed Assets:

On disposal of fixed assets, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated and gain or loss on such disposal is reflected in the statement of profit or loss, which is determined with reference to the net book value of the assets and net sales proceeds.

3.3 Impairment of Asset:

The carrying values of all non-current assets are reviewed for impairment, either on a stand-alone basis or as part of a larger cash generating unit, when there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Additionally, Goodwill, Intangible Assets with indefinite useful lives and Intangible Assets which are not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually. Any provision for impairment is charged to the profit or loss statement in the year concerned.

3.4 Capital Work in Progress:

Capital work in progress consists of cost incurred for acquisition of new plant and machinery, civil structure, factory shed for warehouse etc. which were not ready for use till reporting date.

3.5 Inventories:

As per IAS-2, Inventories comprises of Raw Materials, Raw Materials in transit, Packing Materials, Work in Progress, Finished Goods, and Spare & Spare Parts in transit. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises invoice value plus applicable handling charges. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling price less estimated cost to completion and selling expenses.

3.6 Employees' Benefit Scheme:

Provident Fund:

The group has established an approved contributory provident fund scheme. A board of trustees wholly administers the fund. No part of the fund is included in the asset of the group.

Gratuity Fund:

Square Textiles Limited establish funded (defined contribution) Gratuity plan and it is approved by NBR.

Group Insurance:

The group has two group insurance schemes for its permanent employees, premium for which is being charged to statement of comprehensive Income.

Worker's Profit & Participation Fund:

The group makes a regular allocation of 5% on net profit before tax to these funds and payment is made to the worker's as per provision of Labor Law 2006 chapter-15.

3.7 Revenue Recognition:

As per IFRS-15, Revenue is recognized as control is passed, either over time or at a point in time an entity recognizes revenue over time if one of the following criteria is met: the customer simultaneously receives and consumes all of the benefits provided by the entity as the entity performs; the entity's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created; or the entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Income refers to increases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of inflows or enhancements of assets or decreases of liabilities that result in an increase in equity, other than those relating to contributions from equity participants.

3.8 Other Income:

It is recognized on accrual basis.

3.9 Foreign Currency Transactions:

As per IAS-21 Transactions in Foreign Currencies are translated into BDT at the rate of exchange ruling on date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are translated into BDT at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of Statement of Financial position.

3.10 Borrowing Costs:

As per IAS-23 Borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they incurred and capitalized the same that incurred before commencement of commercial operation.

3.11 Advances, Deposits and Prepayments:

Advances are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, advances are carried at cost less deductions, adjustments or charges to other account heads such as property, plant and equipment, inventory or expenses.

Deposits are measured at payment value.

3.12 Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Receivables:

Trade Receivables are stated at their nominal value and considered good. No provision has been made for doubtful debt and no amount was written off as bad.

Payables:

Trade Payables are stated at their nominal value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash in hand, bank currents accounts, other bank deposits free of encumbrance and having maturity dates of three months or less from respective dates of deposit.

Borrowings:

Interest bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. Finance charges are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Financial Risk Management:

The group has exposures to the following risks its use of financial statements:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the group risk management framework. The Board oversees how management monitors compliance with risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to risks faced by the group. The Board is assisted in its oversight role by Audit Committee. Internal audit, under the purview of Audit Committee, undertakes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the group if a buyer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the group receivable from customers and investment securities. The group sales are made to renowned RMG Exporting Company. Sales made to the entity are fully secured by Letters of Credit issued by local scheduled banks.

Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group will unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The group approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the group reputation. In general, management ensures that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalent to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligation through preparation of the cash forecast, prepared based on time line of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/fund to make the expected payment within due date. Moreover, the group seeks to maintain short term lines of credit with scheduled commercial banks to ensure payment of obligations in the event that there is insufficient cash to make the required payment.

The requirement is determined in advance through cash flows projections and credit lines facilities with banks are negotiated accordingly.

Seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Board also monitors dividend trend to ordinary shareholders.

Market Risk:

Market Risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the group income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Capital Risk Management:

The group objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the group ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Board seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Board also monitors dividend trend to ordinary shareholders.

Money Laundering:

The group considers prevention of money laundering risk not only as a compliance requirement imposed by the law of the country but also as one of its ethical business values.

3.13 Taxation:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current Tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of profit or loss and other Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted on date of Statement of Financial Position.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and are accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted by the date of Statement of Financial Position.

3.14 Lease:

As per IFRS- 16, the entity has no lease. So, there will be no implication regarding IFRS 16 in this financial year.

3.15 Contingent Liabilities and Assets:

Current or possible obligations or assets arising from past events and whose existence is due to the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events which are not within the control of the group.

3.16 Related Party Transaction:

The group has some related party transactions in arm length transactions.

3.17 Segment Reporting:

As per IFRS-8, as there is a single business and geographic segment within which the group operates as such no segment reporting is felt necessary.

3.18 Earnings Per Share:

As per IAS-33, Basis Earning per Share (EPS) has been computed dividing the earnings attributable to the weighted average number of the ordinary shares during the year.

3.19 Comparative Figure:

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the previous year for all numerical information in the current financial statement. Narrative and descriptive information for comparative information have also been disclosed whenever it is relevant for understanding of current year's financial statements.

3.20 Financial Year:

For this year financial year means, July 01, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

3.21 Events after the Reporting Period:

As per IAS-10 "Events after the Reporting Period" are those events favorable and unfavorable, that occur between the end of the reporting period and the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue.

3.22 Consolidated Financial Statements:

Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the following:

- 1. Square Textiles Limited
- 2. Square Texcom Limited

3.23 General:

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest taka, as it the reporting currency of these financials.

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka
4. Consolidated Property, Plant & Equipment: Details of Property, Plant & Equipment and Depreciation as at Jun Depreciation for the year charged to Factory Overhead (Note- below:		
Fixed Assets at Cost		
Opening Balance	12,792,433,005	10,873,378,928
Addition during the Year	441,444,238	2,051,181,824
Adjustment for Sale/ Obsolete during the Year	(78,667,109)	(132,127,747)
Closing Balance(Cost)	13,155,210,134	12,792,433,005
Accumulated Depreciation		
Opening Balance	5,832,982,726	5,289,179,884
Charged during the Year	688,632,854	664,690,900
Adjustment for sale/Obsolete during the year	(75,448,873)	(120,888,058)
	6,446,166,707	5,832,982,726
Carrying Value	6,709,043,427	6,959,450,279
5. Consolidated Capital Work In Progress:		
Opening Balance	48,479,266	1,503,089,357
Addition during the Year	1,328,678,137	45,387,986
Transfer to Property, Plant & Equipment during the year	(42,598,105)	(1,499,998,077)
Closing Balance	1,334,559,298	48,479,266
6. Consolidated Goodwill:		
Investment in share of Square Texcom Ltd.	489,333,960	489,333,960
(For 4,330,502 shares of TK. 100 each)		
Less: Face Value of the Shares	433,050,200	433,050,200
	56,283,760	56,283,760
7. Consolidated Inventories:		
Stocks of Materials	2,259,852,806	2,420,185,088
Raw Materials	1,891,092,606	2,056,387,039
Raw Materials In Transit	48,373,070	63,135,469
Packing Materials	25,642,217	24,301,204
Work - In - Process	142,626,650	130,184,323
Finished Goods	152,118,263	146,177,053
Stocks of Spares	211,613,671	244,504,528
Spares at Store	206,394,084	241,493,396
Spares in Transit	5,219,587	3,011,132
	2,471,466,477	2,664,689,616
	2,771,700,777	2,004,003,010

The basis of valuation is stated in Note -3.5. Carrying amount of inventories pledged as security. No segmentation of stock is required because of homogenous materials and process.

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka
8. Consolidated Trade Receivables:		
This represents invoice value of goods delivered to customer.		
Aging of the Trade Receivables is as Follows:		
Below 60 days	1,988,299,156	2,083,214,823
Within 61-120 days	1,722,775,117	1,735,724,749
Above 120 days	882,441,343	989,376,060
	4,593,515,616	4,808,315,632

- a) There was no amount due from the Directors (Including Managing Director), Managing Agent, Manager and other Officers of the Group and any of them severally or jointly with any other person.
- b) The carrying amount of Trade Receivables pledged as security.
- c) Trade Receivable is secured, considered as good and is falling due within one year.

9. Consolidated Advances, Deposits & Prepayments:

This is made up of the followings:

Advance	350,549,258	166,403,918
Income Tax	203,590,488	68,676,014
Salary & PF Current account	86,000	3,866,272
Other Expenses	65,939,658	28,623,136
Suppliers & Contractor	80,933,112	65,238,496
Deposits	124,016,076	118,899,235
Security Deposit	111,346,762	106,528,762
Margin on Bank Guarantee	12,669,314	12,370,473
	474,565,334	285,303,153

- (a) There was no amount due from the Directors (Including Managing Director), Managing Agent, Manager and other Officers of the Company and any of them severally or jointly with any other person.
- (b) There was no amount was due by the associated undertaking.
- (c) The advances & deposits considered good & recoverable.

10. Consolidated Cash & Cash Equivalents:

	Cash in hand	12,434,533	8,430,224
	Cash at Bank (Note-10.1)	628,541,628	423,710,170
	Fixed Deposit Receipt (Note-10.2)	-	1,007,166,667
		640,976,161	1,439,307,061
10.1	Cash at Bank		
	Standard Chartered Bank	336,514,580	235,914,046
	HSBC	164,741,441	104,721,636
	Prime Bank Limited	98,957,195	52,610,801
	The City Bank Limited	69,854	1,978,464
	Commercial Bank of Ceylon	85,026	11,426
	Bank Al-Falah	391,212	736,081
	Janata Bank Limited	17,600,831	20,655,130
	Mutual Trust Bank Limited	7,729,181	3,620,475
	Dutch Bangla Bank Limited	653,010	2,157,390
	Pubali Bank Limited	1,799,298	1,304,721
		628,541,628	423,710,170
10.2 Fi	xed Deposit Receipt- Janata Bank Limited	-	1,007,166,667
	•		1.007.166.667

Foreign currency account balances have been converted to Taka at the ruling rate at the reporting date.

	Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
1.	Share Capital:		
	This is made up of the followings:		
	Authorized:	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
	300,000,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10.00 each		
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
	(197,252,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10.00 each fully Paid up)	1,972,520,000	1,972,520,000
	Position of Shareholding is given in Schedule-B of Page-112		
2.	Retained Earnings:		
	Opening Balance	5,659,670,882	5,185,060,431
	Add: Profit for the Year	1,958,563,555	671,862,451
	Less: Cash Dividend paid during the Year	(394,504,000)	(197,252,000)
		7,223,730,437	5,659,670,882
2	Non Controlling Interest:	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
٥.	5,000 shares of Tk. 100 at par of Square Texcom Ltd.	500,000	500,000
	Shares of Accumulated Profit	14,674,768	14,498,970
		15,174,768	14,998,970
4.	in preparation of consolidated financial statements. Consolidated Long Term Borrowings:		
4.	Consolidated Long Term Borrowings: Standard Chartered Bank	400,000,000	4 740 000 000
	HSBC	400,000,000 250,000,000	1,710,000,000 1,500,000,000
	Infrastructure Development Company Ltd. (IDCOL)	230,000,000	115,959,956
	Less: Current Portion of Long Term Borrowings	(346,666,668)	(682,904,897)
		303,333,332	2,643,055,059
	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Tr	rade Receivables and Plant	& Machinary.
5	Consolidated Deferred Tax Liability:		,
٥.	Opening Balance	310,064,400	260,567,761
	Deferred tax Expenses/ (Income)	10,469,038	49,496,639
		320,533,438	310,064,400
	This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis assets). We don't have any other assets or liabilities except fixed a present in details form for unused tax losses and unused tax credit	depreciation and tax basis assets for provision of Def	depreciation on fixe
	a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets	5,993,119,746	6,243,526,598
	Less: Tax Base Carrying Value	(3,856,230,166)	(4,176,430,603)
	Taxable Temporary Difference	2,136,889,580	2,067,095,995
	Tax Rate	15.00%	15.00%
	Closing Deferred Tax Liability	320,533,437	310,064,399
	Less: Opening Deferred Tax Liability	(310,064,399)	(260,567,761)
	Deferred Tax (Income) / Expense	10,469,038	49,496,638
6.	Consolidated Short Term Bank Loan:		
6.		<u>-</u>	1.250.000.000
6.	Revolving Loan	- 5.479.973.028	
l 6.	Revolving Loan EDF & UPAS	5,479,973,028 346.666.668	1,250,000,000 3,392,264,568 682,904,897
L 6.	Revolving Loan	5,479,973,028 346,666,668 5,826,639,696	

These short term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock and Trade Receivable.

Notes Consolidated

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka
17. Consolidated Creditors & Other Payables:		
Provision for Audit Fees	632,500	621,00
Provision for Utility Bills	64,010,809	59,498,00
Provision for Salary & Allowances	7,798,549	5,715,10
Others	12,458,240	13,257,87
	84,900,098	79,091,98
This represents amount payable to regular suppliers o Group. All suppliers were paid on a regular basis.	f packing materials, utilities, and other se	ervices rendered to the
18. Consolidated Liabilities for Others Finance:		
PF, WPPF & Other Fund	116,779,785	46,816,002
Provision for Gratuity (Note-18.1)	-	14,579,422
Others	36,631,765	39,741,870
	153,411,550	101,137,300
18.1 Provision for Gratuity:		
Opening Balance	14,579,422	42,580,25
Provision made for the period	35,268,984	88,330,77
Payment made during the period	(49,848,406)	(116,331,604
		14,579,422
19. Unclaimed Dividend:		
Opening Balance	54,851,342	53,581,47
Addition During The Year	394,504,000	197,252,00
Paid During The Year	(440,703,592)	(195,982,130
	8,651,750	54,851,34
20. Consolidated Provision for Income Tax:		
Opening Balance	101,269,364	96,214,609
Adjustment with Advance Tax during the year	(70,250,366)	(65,975,277
Provision made during the year (Note-20.1)	340,496,006	71,030,03
	371,515,004	101,269,36
20.1 Provision made for the period:		
Higher Amount of Tax Under Company-wise Calcu	ulation (Please See the Individual Com	pany-wise Notes):
A) For SQUARE Textiles Ltd.	309,854,073	63,434,67
B) For SQUARE Texcom Ltd.	30,641,933	7,556,64
Total Tax Expenses	340,496,006	70,991,32
Add/ Less: Short/ (Excess) provision for Prior period	-	38,71
Income Tax Provision for the year	340,496,006	71,030,03

Notes Consolidated

	Particulars	_	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
			Taka	Taka
	Calculation of Effective Tax Rate:			
	Current Income Tax Expenses		340,496,006	71,030,032
	Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income)		10,469,038	49,496,639
	Total Tax Expenses	-	350,965,044	120,526,671
	Effective Tax Rate (Total Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax)	_	15.20%	15.21%
21.	Consolidated Sales Revenue:			
	In Quantity (KG)			
	Opening Stock		680,476	1,499,406
	Production during the Year	_	50,113,381	48,468,927
	Available for Sale	KG	50,793,857	49,968,333
	Closing Stock		(572,604)	(680,476)
	Sales during the year	KG _	50,221,253	49,287,857
	(To be accounted for as follows)			
	Sales Accounted as follows:			
	In Quantity (KG)			
	Export Sale of Yarns	_	50,221,253	49,287,857
		KG _	50,221,253	49,287,857
	In Taka			
	Export Sale of Yarns	_	17,432,248,763	13,293,569,580
		TK	17,432,248,763	13,293,569,580
22.	Consolidated Cost of Goods Sold:			
	Raw Materials Consumed (Note-22.1)		11,232,485,000	8,631,658,550
	Packing Materials Consumed (Note-22.2)		159,686,504	131,170,654
	Factory Overhead (Note- 22.3)		3,142,331,169	2,903,720,235
	Cost of Goods Manufacturing	-	14,534,502,673	11,666,549,439
	Work-In-Process (Opening)	-	130,184,323	124,403,202
	Work-In-Process (Closing)		(142,626,650)	(130,184,323)
	Cost of Production	-	14,522,060,346	11,660,768,318
	Finished Goods (Opening)	_	146,177,053	344,238,172
	Finished Goods (Closing)		(152,118,263)	(146,177,053)
	Cost of Goods Sold	=	14,516,119,136	11,858,829,437
22.1	Consolidated Raw Materials Consumed:			
	In Quantity (KG)			
	Opening Stock		13,351,425	16,633,295
	Purchase during the year		54,181,072	48,944,609
	Raw Materials Available for Consumption	-	67,532,497	65,577,904
	Closing Stock		(12,818,006)	(13,351,425)
	Raw Materials Consumed	KG	54,714,491	52,226,479
		٠.٠٠ -	3.,,,,,,,,	32,220,473

Particulars	_	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
In Taka			
Opening Stock		2,056,387,039	2,425,754,933
Purchase during the year		11,067,190,567	8,262,290,658
Raw Materials Available for Consumption	-	13,123,577,606	10,688,045,589
Closing Stock		(1,891,092,606)	(2,056,387,039
Raw Materials Consumed	TK	11,232,485,000	8,631,658,550
Consumption Ratio on Purchase	- [101.49%	104.47%
22.2 Consolidated Packing Materials Consumed:	L		
Opening Stock		24,301,204	15,953,26
Purchase during the year		161,027,517	139,518,59
Available for Consumption	-	185,328,721	
			155,471,858
Closing Stock	- -	(25,642,217)	(24,301,204
Packing Materials Consumed	TK _	159,686,504	131,170,654
Consumption Ratio on Purchase		99.17%	94.02%
22.3. Consolidated Factory Overhead:			
Factory Wages, Salary & Allowances		1,033,906,800	969,744,180
Travelling & Conveyance		290,991	217,628
Overseas Travelling		1,099,699	
Recruitment & Training Expenses		64,169	81,343
Printing Expenses		496,892	444,993
Stationery Expenses		1,871,395	1,650,634
Software & Hardware Support Expenses		3,745,448	3,161,547
Production Workers' Free Lunch		5,207,037	4,687,30
Uniform & Liveries		474,777	447,929
Fuel, Petrol, Light, Diesel etc.		117,159,963	99,692,939
Electricity, Gas & Water		881,335,653	802,981,41
Factory Consumable Expense		58,233,005	47,891,17
Medical Expenses		2,056,944	2,254,982
Repairs & Maintenance of Vehicles		21,029,389	17,425,829
Papers, Books and Periodicals		17,090	41,870
Industrial All Risk Insurance Premium		23,179,365	20,349,082
Postage, Telephone, Fax & Telex		424,857	494,334
Govt.Tax, VAT & License Fees		12,097,035	918,375
Security Services		23,842,357	23,786,664
Spare Parts - Machinery		265,752,320	241,553,433
Group Insurance		1,413,129	1,203,683
Depreciation (Schedule-1)		688,632,854	664,690,900
	_	3,142,331,169	2,903,720,23
23. Consolidated Administrative Overhead:	-		
Salary and Allowances		137,800,864	137,159,193
Directors' Remuneration		55,252,500	48,000,00
Independent Directors' Honorarium		600,000	600,000
Travelling & Conveyance		897,291	716,602
Overseas Travelling		18,247,266	11,773,73
Recruitment & Training Expenses		639,897	76,140
Head Office Employees' Free Lunch		2,490,282	2,194,988
Uniform & Liveries		156,410	97,470
Printing Expenses		161,308	347,648

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka
Stationery Expenses	475,521	351,953
Software & Hardware Support Expenses	3,064,237	2,688,291
Postage, Telephone, Fax & Telex	390,772	507,017
Electricity, Gas & Water	3,139,743	3,046,418
Office Consumable Expense	2,055,368	1,716,592
Rental Expenses	14,486,116	14,104,313
Vehicles Running & Maintenance	9,491,531	8,701,367
Medical Expenses	1,296,117	356,350
Group Insurance	452,911	385,210
Bank Charges & Commission	7,871,292	3,684,486
Fees & Subscription	8,560,701	7,756,060
Security Service	431,343	593,267
Govt. Tax, Stamp Duty & Licence Fees	1,930,001	1,309,423
Annual General Meeting Expenses	1,324,067	1,163,986
Audit Fees	885,500	740,600
	272,101,038	248,071,111

a) Audit Fees represent auditors' remuneration for audit during the year.

24. Consolidated Selling & Distribution Overhead:

Export Sale Expenses	18,819,897	14,433,563
Loading & Unloading	6,360,377	5,471,770
	25,180,274	19,905,333
25. Consolidated Finance Cost:		
Interest on Deferred LC Loan	69,858,222	57,551,942
Interest on Loan ag. Export Bill Discount	10,518	2,512,455
Interest on OD	111,332	120,525
Interest on Short Term Loan	14,605,555	88,026,367
Interest on Long Term Loan	165,807,472	82,318,459
Interest on Sister Concerns	-	119,714,117
	250,393,099	350,243,865

Interest expenses is derived from short-term loan and is recognized on an accrual basis. The finance cost includes no interest on any sort of borrowing from directors including managing director and managers.

26. Consolidated Non-Operating Income:

Interest Income	23,185,743	7,761,018
Forfeited Provident Fund	3,567,234	29,481,623
Gain/ (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	4,261,764	256,785
Forex Exchange Rate Fluctuation Gain/ (Loss)	25,719,660	(21,949,788)
	56,734,401	15,549,638
27. Consolidated Allocation for W.P.P.F & W.F:	115,485,220	39,622,356
	115,485,220	39,622,356

This represents 5% of Net Income before Tax after charging the allocation as per provisions of the Companies Profit under Labour Law 2006, amended in 2016.

b) The Rental Expenses incurred to use two floor spaces for office with two "one-year cancellable" (both parties three months notice period) contacts. The Contracts don't offer any buying option or any assurance of post use minimum market price for the used floors. Considering exemptions allowed in IFRS-16 (Shorter contact tenor and small amount of rental expenses) the rental agreements not considered as lease.

c) Directors' Remuneration is not included the Member Director of "Audit Committee" and "Nomination & Remuneration Committee"

F	Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
28. (Consolidated Income Tax Expenses:	340,496,006	71,030,032
	·	340,496,006	71,030,032
Ţ	This represents estimated Income Tax on Net Income for the Year and adj	ustment any short/excess p	rovision for prior years
29. (Consolidated Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income):	10,469,038	49,496,639
	, , , ,	10,469,038	49,496,639
C	This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated taxable to create only from difference between accounting basis depreciation and to		
30. (Consolidated Earnings Per Share (EPS):		
	Earning attributable to Ordinary Shares including other income	1,958,563,555	671,862,451
	Number of Ordinary shares	197,252,000	197,252,000
	Earnings Per Share	9.93	3.41
31. (Consolidated Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share:		
	Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Company	9,196,250,437	7,632,190,882
	Number of Ordinary shares	197,252,000	197,252,000
	Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share	46.62	38.69
32. (Consolidated Net Operating Cash flows per Share (NOCFPS):		
	Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Operating Activities	3,205,775,618	1,248,463,489
	Number of Ordinary shares	197,252,000	197,252,000
	Net Operating Cash flows per Share (NOCFPS)	16.25	6.33
33. (Consolidated Reconciliation of Net Profit with Cash Flows from Ope	rating Activities:	
ſ	Profit After Tax	1,958,563,555	671,862,451
	Adjustment to reconcile net profit to net cash provided by operatir	ng activities :	
	Non-cash Expenses:	704,209,052	718,658,762
	Depreciation	688,632,854	664,690,900
	Deferred Tax	10,469,038	49,496,639
	Net effect of foreign currency translation	5,107,160	4,471,223
	Non-Operating Items:	(4,085,966)	119,515,326
	Interest Expenses/ (Income) on Sister Company Loan (Gain)/Loss on Disposal of Assets	- (4,261,764)	119,714,117 (256,785)
	Profit Ratio of Non controlling Interest	175,798	57,994
	Changes in Working Capital:	547,088,977	(261,573,050)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	193,223,139	548,066,020
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivable	214,800,016	(802,124,772)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Advances, Deposits & Prepayments	(189,262,181)	(1,782,295)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Creditors & Other Payables	5,808,113	(8,132,619)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities for Others Finance	52,274,250	(2,654,139)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Income Tax Payable	270,245,640	5,054,755
	mercuse/(beercuse/in meome rax rayabie		

34. Events after the Reporting period:

^{34.1} The Board of Directors in it's meeting held on October 20, 2022 approved the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Board of Directors also authorised the same for issue.

^{34.2} Except above no other significant event occurred till the date of signing the financial statements.

Notes Consolidated

SQUARE TEXTILES LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT As on June 30, 2022

									Schedule-01 Amount in Taka
Particulars		CO	Cost			Depreciation	ciation		W D V As
	At 01st	During th	During the Period	At 30th	At 01st	During th	During the Period	At 30th	At 30th
	July 2021	Additions	Sales/ Obsoletes	June-2022	July 2021	Charged	Adjustments	June-2022	June-2022
Land & Land Development	715,923,681	•	-	715,923,681	•	•	•	٠	715,923,681
Building-Factory & Utility	1,484,384,482	-	-	1,484,384,482	571,722,207	65,947,149	-	956'699'289	846,715,126
Building-Others	494,246,306	•	•	494,246,306	266,227,208	23,212,289	•	289,439,497	204,806,809
Sheds	23,882,640	6,200,000	-	30,082,640	23,850,600	211,660	-	24,062,260	6,020,380
Plant & Machinery	9,161,429,158	377,609,629	(58,000,787)	9,481,038,000	4,425,101,385	514,907,315	(58,639,895)	4,884,368,805	4,596,669,195
Laboratory Equipment	62,109,414	555,291	-	62,664,705	10,314,264	8,222,249	-	18,536,513	44,128,192
Electrical Installation	444,836,076	2,800,000	-	447,636,076	269,438,796	38,676,191	-	308,114,987	139,521,089
Gas Line Installation	49,145,684	-	-	49,145,684	31,970,854	2,454,096	-	34,424,950	14,720,734
Motor Vehicles	189,399,239	50,628,213	(20,556,461)	219,470,991	144,452,551	21,904,178	(19,699,117)	146,657,612	72,813,379
Office Equipment	26,035,453	517,242	-	26,552,695	17,536,270	2,046,070	-	19,582,340	6,970,355
Furniture & Fixture	16,829,304	298,499	(11,025)	17,116,778	15,358,036	492,880	(11,025)	15,839,891	1,276,887
Computer	4,869,672	1	1	4,869,672	4,557,035	157,916	-	4,714,951	154,721
Hardware & Software	2,300,000	•	•	2,300,000	711,904	328,571	•	1,040,475	1,259,525
Boundary Wall	57,952,249	2,550,128	-	60,502,377	25,100,569	3,182,923	-	28,283,492	32,218,885
Deep Tube-Well	5,050,800	•	•	5,050,800	4,291,730	165,602	-	4,457,332	593,468
Safety & Security Equipment	2,549,390	1	1	2,549,390	2,008,894	252,779	1	2,261,673	287,717
Communication and Network Equipment	7,195,200	-	•	7,195,200	5,179,822	587,426	-	5,767,248	1,427,952
Other Assets	44,294,257	285,236	(98'836)	44,480,657	15,160,601	5,883,560	(98,836)	20,945,325	23,535,332
As at June 30, 2022	12,792,433,005	441,444,238	(78,667,109)	13,155,210,134	5,832,982,726	688,632,854	(75,448,873)	6,446,166,707	6,709,043,427
As at June 30, 2021	10,873,378,928	2,051,181,824	(132,127,747)	12,792,433,005	5,289,179,884	664,690,900	(120,888,058)	5,832,982,726	6,959,450,279

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Particulars	Notes	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		Taka	Taka
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets		7,594,562,921	6,895,224,728
Property, Plant & Equipment- Carrying Value	04	6,161,387,415	6,358,356,488
Capital Work In Progress	05	943,841,546	47,534,280
Investment - Long Term (At Cost)	06	489,333,960	489,333,960
Current Assets		7,435,018,277	8,523,673,196
Inventories	07	2,243,342,297	2,423,543,313
Trade Receivables	08	4,238,253,857	4,487,974,375
Advances, Deposits & Prepayments	09	438,615,626	259,310,934
Cash & Cash Equivalents	10	514,806,497	1,352,844,574
TOTAL ASSETS		15,029,581,198	15,418,897,924
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY & LIABILITIES:			
Shareholders' Equity		8,717,462,512	7,305,661,916
Share Capital	11	1,972,520,000	1,972,520,000
Retained Earnings	12	6,744,942,512	5,333,141,916
Non-Current Liabilities		579,630,811	2,905,740,182
Long Term Borrowings	13	303,333,332	2,643,055,059
Deferred Tax Liability	14	276,297,479	262,685,123
Current Liabilities & Provisions		5,732,487,875	5,207,495,826
Short Term Bank Loan	15	5,168,669,589	4,910,343,012
Creditors & Other Payables	16	75,674,946	70,899,885
Liabilities for Others Finance	17	140,661,736	80,911,693
Unclaimed Dividend	18	8,651,750	54,851,342
Provision for Income Tax	19	338,829,854	90,489,894
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY & LIABILITIES		15,029,581,198	15,418,897,924
Net Asset Value Per Share	29	44.19	37.04

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

Tapan Chowdhury Chairman Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Particulars	Notes	July to June 2021-2022	July to June 2020-2021
		Taka	Taka
Sales Revenue	20	15,624,302,486	11,924,704,664
Cost of Goods Sold	21	(12,930,510,466)	(10,588,987,142)
Gross Profit		2,693,792,020	1,335,717,522
Administrative Overhead	22	(247,735,861)	(224,235,269)
Selling and Distribution Overhead	23	(21,510,989)	(17,039,457)
Profit from Operations	_	2,424,545,170	1,094,442,796
Finance Cost	24	(241,629,270)	(344,165,255)
Non-Operating Income	25	53,343,676	19,475,519
Profit Before W.P.P.F & W.F	_	2,236,259,576	769,753,060
Allocation for W.P.P.F & W.F	26	(106,488,551)	(36,654,908)
Profit Before Tax	_	2,129,771,025	733,098,152
Income Tax Expenses	27	(309,854,073)	(63,473,385)
Deferred Tax (Expenses)/ Income	14	(13,612,356)	(47,990,713)
Profit After Tax		1,806,304,596	621,634,054
Other Comprehensive Income	_	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	=	1,806,304,596	621,634,054
Earnings Per Share (EPS)	28	9.16	3.15

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

Tapan Chowdhury Chairman Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amount in Taka

Particulars	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at July 01, 2021	1,972,520,000	5,333,141,916	7,305,661,916
Net Profit For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	-	1,806,304,596	1,806,304,596
Cash Dividend for 2020-21	-	(394,504,000)	(394,504,000)
Balance As at June 30, 2022	1,972,520,000	6,744,942,512	8,717,462,512

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amount in Taka

Particulars	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at July 01, 2020	1,972,520,000	4,908,759,862	6,881,279,862
Net Profit For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	-	621,634,054	621,634,054
Cash Dividend for 2019-20	-	(197,252,000)	(197,252,000)
Balance As at June 30, 2021	1,972,520,000	5,333,141,916	7,305,661,916

Tapan Chowdhury Chairman

Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

Md. Farhad Husain Suman FCA Partner, K. M. HASAN & CO. Chartered Accountants Enrollment No-1635

DVC: 2211021635AS939692

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Particulars	Notes	July-June 2021-2022	July-June 2020-2021
		Taka	Taka
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from Sales Revenue		15,874,023,004	11,130,595,000
Exchange Fluctuation Gain/ (Loss) -Realization from Transection		18,772,611	(17,036,274)
Receipts/ (Payment) from Other Income/ Expenses		26,473,657	35,299,205
Total Receipts		15,919,269,272	11,148,857,931
Payment to Supplies and Other Services		(9,911,912,215)	(7,412,110,927)
Paid for Operating & Non-operating Expenses		(2,565,196,473)	(2,339,841,627)
Interest Expenses Paid		(246,507,569)	(223,101,314)
Income Tax Paid		(189,301,229)	(61,514,115)
Total Payments		(12,912,917,486)	(10,036,567,983)
Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Operating Activities		3,006,351,786	1,112,289,948
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	_		
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment		(1,333,606,765)	(593,350,657)
Sales of Property, Plant & Equipment		7,260,000	8,735,400
Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Investing Activities		(1,326,346,765)	(584,615,257)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Long Term Loan Received/ (Repaid)		(2,675,959,956)	2,643,055,059
Short Term Bank Loan Received/ (Repaid)		594,564,806	1,397,654,487
Short Term Loan from/ (To) SQUARE Pharmaceuticals Ltd.		-	(3,397,290,511)
Short Term Loan from/ (To) SQUARE Texcom Ltd.		-	144,997,354
Payment of Dividend		(440,703,592)	(197,252,000)
Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Financing Activities		(2,522,098,742)	591,164,389
Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(842,093,721)	1,118,839,080
Net effect of foreign currency translation		4,055,644	(4,026,613)
Opening Cash & Cash Equivalents		1,352,844,574	238,032,107
Closing Cash & Cash Equivalents	=	514,806,497	1,352,844,574
Net Operating Cash flows per Share	30	15.24	5.64

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annexed note.

Tapan Chowdhury

Samuel S Chowdhury Managing Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed

Sanjib Baran Roy Company Secretary

Date: October 24, 2022

Place: Dhaka

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT:

As at and for the year ended June 30, 2022

1. Establishment and Operations:

1.1 Legal Form of the Enterprises:

Square Textiles Limited (Here in after said as the company) was formed and incorporated with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Firms in Bangladesh in 1994 under the Companies Act, 1913 (Now operating under Companies Act, 1994) as public company limited by shares. The company is listed with the Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd. and Chittagong Stock Exchange Ltd. in 2002.

1.2 Address of Registered office and factory of the company:

- a) Registered Office: Square Centre 48, Mohakhali C/A, Dhaka -1212,
- b) Factory Office:
 - i. Saradaganj, Kashimpur, Gazipur.
 - ii. Olipur, Habiganj, Sylhet.

1.3 Nature of Business:

The company owns Five (5) units of spinning mills, and a twisting mill. It's activities and operations are related with manufacturing and marketing of Yarns.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies and other material information:

2.1 Statement of Compliance:

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the provisions of the Companies Act 1994, The Securities and Exchanges Rules 1987, International Financial Reporting Standards and other relevant rules and regulations.

2.2 Basis of Preparation:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern principle and historical cost convention. The significant accounting policies are set out below.

2.3 Statement on Compliance of International Accounting Standards:

The following IASs and IFRSs are applicable for the financial statements for the year under review:

S/N	Name of the IAS	IAS No.	Status
1	Presentation of Financial Statements	1	Applied
2	Inventories	2	Applied
3	Statement of Cash Flows	7	Applied
4	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	8	Applied
5	Events after the reporting period	10	Applied
6	Construction Contracts	11	Replaced by IFRS 15
7	Income Taxes	12	Applied
8	Property, Plant and Equipment	16	Applied
9	Leases	17	Replaced by IFRS 16
10	Revenue	18	Replaced by IFRS 15
11	Employee Benefit	19	Applied

Notes Standalone

s/N	Name of the IAS	IAS No.	Status
12	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance	20	Not Applicable
13	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	21	Applied
14	Borrowing Costs	23	Applied
15	Related Party Disclosures	24	Applied
16	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans	26	Not Applicable
17	Separate Financial Statements	27	Applied
18	Investment In Associates and Joint Ventures	28	Not Applicable
19	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economics	29	Not Applicable
20	Financial Instruments: Presentation	32	Applied
21	Earnings per share	33	Applied
22	Interim Financial Reporting	34	Applied
23	Impairment of Assets	36	Applied
24	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	37	Applied
25	Intangible Assets	38	Not Applicable
26	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	39	Replaced by IFRS 9
27	Investment Property	40	Not Applicable
28	Agriculture	41	Not Applicable

S/N	Name of the IFRS	IFRS No.	Status
1	First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	1	Not Applicable
2	Shares based Payment	2	Not Applicable
3	Business Combinations	3	Not Applicable
4	Insurance Contract	4	Not Applicable
5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	5	Not Applicable
6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources	6	Not Applicable
7	Financial Instruments: Disclosure	7	Applied
8	Operating Segments	8	Not Applicable
9	Financial Instrument	9	Applied
10	Consolidated Financial Statements	10	Applied
11	Joint Arrangement	11	Not Applicable
12	Disclosure of Interest in other entities	12	Applied
13	Fair Value Measurement	13	Applied
14	Regulatory deferral accounts	14	Not Applicable
15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	15	Applied
16	Leases	16	Applied

2.4 Going Concern:

As per IAS-1 a company is required to make assessment at the end of each year to assess its capability to continue as going concern. The management of the Company makes such assessment each year. The company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and has wide coverage of its liabilities. For this reason, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern assumption while the financial statements have been prepared.

2.5 Accrual Basis:

The financial statements have been prepared, except cash flow information using the accrual basis of Accounting.

2.6 Structure Contents and Presentation of Financial Statements:

The presentation of the financial statements is in accordance with the guidelines provided by IAS-1:

"Presentation of Financial Statements". A complete set of financial statements comprise:

- i) Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2022
- ii) Statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income for the year ended June 30, 2022
- iii) Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended June 30, 2022
- iv) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended June 30, 2022 and
- v) Notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

2.7 Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on past experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In particular, significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that has the most significant effect on the amount recognized in the financial statements are income tax provision (both current and deferred tax), depreciation and gratuity provision.

2.8 Statement of Cash Flows:

Statement of cash flows has been prepared as per IAS 7: Statement of Cash Flows using Direct Method as per the requirement of Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

3.0 Property, Plant and Equipment:

As per IAS-16, Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at their historical cost less accumulated depreciation. No depreciation has been charged on the Freehold Land and on the Capital work in progress. Depreciation is charged on all other assets on straight-line method. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with IFRS 5 and the date that the assets are derecognized.

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Particulars	Useful Life (Years)
Factory Building and other Construction	20
Plant & Machinery	10-15
Laboratory & other Equipment	5-8
Furniture & Fixture	5-8
Motor Vehicles	5
Electrical Installation	5-8

3.1 Subsequent Costs:

The cost of replacing or upgrading part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss.

3.2 Disposal of Fixed Assets:

On disposal of fixed assets, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated and gain or loss on such disposal is reflected in the statement of profit or loss, which is determined with reference to the net book value of the assets and net sales proceeds.

3.3 Impairment of Asset:

The carrying values of all non-current assets are reviewed for impairment, either on a stand-alone basis or as part of a larger cash generating unit, when there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Additionally, Goodwill, Intangible Assets with indefinite useful lives and Intangible Assets which are not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually. Any provision for impairment is charged to the profit or loss statement in the year concerned.

3.4 Capital Work in Progress:

Capital work in progress consists of cost incurred for acquisition of new plant and machinery, civil structure, factory shed for warehouse etc. which were not ready for use till reporting date.

3.5 Inventories:

As per IAS-2, Inventories comprises of Raw Materials, Raw Materials in transit, Packing Materials, Work in Progress, Finished Goods, Comber Noil, and Spare & Spare Parts in transit. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises invoice value plus applicable handling charges. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling price less estimated cost to completion and selling expenses.

3.6 Employees' Benefit Scheme:

Provident Fund:

The company has established an approved contributory provident fund scheme. A board of trustees wholly administers the fund. No part of the fund is included in the asset of the group.

Gratuity Fund:

The company establish funded (defined contribution) Gratuity plan and it is approved by NBR.

Group Insurance:

The group has two group insurance schemes for its permanent employees, premium for which is being charged to statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Worker's Profit & Participation Fund:

The company makes a regular allocation of 5% on net profit before tax to these funds and payment is made to the worker's as per provision of Labor Law 2006 chapter-15.

3.7 Revenue Recognition:

As per IFRS-15, Revenue is recognized as control is passed, either over time or at a point in time an entity recognizes revenue over time if one of the following criteria is met: the customer simultaneously receives and consumes all of the benefits provided by the entity as the entity performs; the entity's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created; or the entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Income refers to increases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of inflows or enhancements of assets or decreases of liabilities that result in an increase in equity, other than those relating to contributions from equity participants.

3.8 Other Income:

It is recognized on accrual basis.

3.9 Foreign Currency Transactions:

As per IAS-21 Transactions in Foreign Currencies are translated into BDT at the rate of exchange ruling on date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are translated into BDT at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of Statement of Financial position.

3.10 Borrowing Costs:

As per IAS-23 Borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they incurred and capitalized the same that incurred before commencement of commercial operation.

3.11 Advances, Deposits and Prepayments:

Advances are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, advances are carried at cost less deductions, adjustments or charges to other account heads such as property, plant and equipment, inventory or expenses. Deposits are measured at payment value.

3.12 Due to / Due from sister concerns:

These represent balance amounts due to /from sister concerns which are derived from short term loan.

3.13 Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Receivables

Trade Receivables are stated at their nominal value and considered good. No provision has been made for doubtful debt and no amount was written off as bad debt.

Payables:

Trade Payables are stated at their nominal value.

Due to / Due from related parties:

Due to /due from related parties are stated at their nominal value.

Investment in subsidiary:

This is initially stated at cost and subsequently at cost less impairment, if any.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash in hand, bank currents accounts, other bank deposits free of encumbrance and having maturity dates of three months or less from respective dates of deposit.

Borrowings:

Interest bearing bank loans are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. Finance charges are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Financial Risk Management:

The company has exposures to the following risks its use of financial statements:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework. The Board oversees how management monitors compliance with risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to risks faced by the group. The Board is assisted in its oversight role by Audit Committee. Internal audit, under the purview of Audit Committee, undertakes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a buyer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivable from customers and investment securities. The Company's sales are made to renowned RMG Exporting Company. Sales made to the entity are fully secured by Letters of Credit issued by local scheduled banks.

Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. In general, management ensures that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalent to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligation through preparation of the cash forecast, prepared based on time line of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/fund to make the expected payment within due date. Moreover, the Company seeks to maintain short term lines of credit with scheduled commercial banks to ensure payment of obligations in the event that there is insufficient cash to make the required payment.

The requirement is determined in advance through cash flows projections and credit lines facilities with banks are negotiated accordingly.

Seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Board also monitors dividend trend to ordinary shareholders.

Market Risk:

Market Risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Capital Risk Management:

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Board seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Board also monitors dividend trend to ordinary shareholders.

Money Laundering:

The company considers prevention of money laundering risk not only as a compliance requirement imposed by the law of the country but also as one of its ethical business values.

3.14 Lease:

As per IFRS- 16, the entity has no lease. So, there will be no implication regarding IFRS 16 in this financial year.

3.15 Taxation:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current Tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted on date of Statement of Financial Position.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and are accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted by the date of Statement of Financial Position.

3.16 Contingent Liabilities and Assets:

Current or possible obligations or assets arising from past events and whose existence is due to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain events which are not within the control of the company.

3.17 Related Party Transaction:

The objective of Related Party Disclosure IAS 24 is to ensure that an entity's financial statements contain the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and profit or loss may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or to exercise significant influence or joint control over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

The Company transacts with related parties and recognize as per IAS 24 'Related Party Disclosures'. Related party transactions have been disclosed under Note- 40.

3.18 Segment Reporting:

As per IFRS 8, as there is a single business and geographic segment within which the company operates as such no segment reporting is felt necessary.

3.19 Earnings Per Share:

As per IAS 33, Basis Earning per Share (EPS) has been computed dividing the earnings attributable to the weighted average number of the ordinary shares during the year.

3.20 Comparative Figure:

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the previous year for all numerical information in the current financial statement. Narrative and descriptive information for comparative information have also been disclosed whenever it is relevant for understanding of current year's financial statements.

3.21 Financial Year:

For this year financial year means, July 01, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

3.22 Events after the Reporting Period:

As per IAS 10 "Events after the Reporting Period" are those events favorable and unfavorable, that occur between the end of the reporting period and the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue.

3.23 General:

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest taka, as it the reporting currency of these financials.

	Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
	Property, Plant & Equipment:		
	Details of Property, Plant & Equipment and Depreciation as at June Depreciation for the year charged to Factory Overhead (Note-21.		
	Fixed Assets at Cost		
	Opening Balance	11,723,998,907	9,809,975,786
	Addition during the Year	437,299,499	2,040,229,234
	Adjustment for Sale/ Obsolete during the Year	(73,793,914)	(126,206,113
	Closing Balance(Cost)	12,087,504,492	11,723,998,907
	Accumulated Depreciation		
	Opening Balance	5,365,642,419	4,876,507,663
	Charged during the Year	631,050,336	606,850,599
	Adjustment for sale/Obsolete during the year	(70,575,678)	(117,715,843)
		5,926,117,077	5,365,642,419
	Carrying Value	6,161,387,415	6,358,356,488
5.	Capital Work In Progress:		
	Opening Balance	47,534,280	1,494,412,85
	Addition during the Year	937,960,385	43,849,400
	Transfer to Property, Plant & Equipment	(41,653,119)	(1,490,727,977
	Closing Balance(Cost)	943,841,546	47,534,280
6.	Assets (Tk. 4,740,134). This year it has been transferred to Non-converted	urrent assets and ready for us 489,333,960	se. 489,333,960
	(4,330,502 shares of Tk. 100 each)	489,333,960	489,333,960
7.	Square Texcom Limited, a private limited company incorporated the company holding 99.88% shares. Inventories:		
	Stocks of Materials		
	Raw Materials	1,712,022,186	1,873,243,764
	Raw Materials In Transit	35,902,690	47,287,238
	Packing Materials	23,320,421	21,882,935
	Work - In - Process	131,982,572	116,600,280
	Finished Goods	140,133,748	133,626,258
		2,043,361,617	2,192,640,475
	Stocks of Spares		
	Spares at Store	195,047,766	228,074,240
	Spares in Transit	4,932,914	2,828,598
		199,980,680	230,902,838

The basis of valuation is stated in Note -3.5. of page no-95, carrying amount of inventories pledged as security.

2,423,543,313

2,243,342,297

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka
8. Trade Receivables:		
This represents invoice value of goods delivered to customer.		
Aging of the Trade Receivables is as follows:		
Below 60 days	1,808,414,323	1,957,487,545
Within 61-120 days	1,602,007,214	1,623,630,680
Above 120 days	827,832,320	906,856,150
	4,238,253,857	4,487,974,375

- a) There was no amount due from the Directors (Including Managing Director), Managing Agent, Manager and other Officers of the Company and any of them severally or jointly with any other person.
- b) The carrying amount of Trade Receivables pledged as security.
- c) Trade Receivable is secured, considered as good and is falling due within one year.

9. Advances, Deposits & Prepayments:

This is made up of the followings:

_					
Δ	d١	Ia	n	c	Δ

Advance		
Income Tax	189,301,230	61,514,114
Salary & PF Current account	75,000	3,861,272
Other Expenses	56,965,105	22,333,344
Suppliers & Contractor	80,213,644	64,622,496
	326,554,979	152,331,226
Deposits		
Security Deposit	100,314,962	95,496,962
Margin on Bank Guarantee	11,745,685	11,482,746
	112,060,647	106,979,708
	438,615,626	259,310,934

- (a) There was no amount due from the Directors (Including Managing Director), Managing Agent, Manager and other Officers of the Company and any of them severally or jointly with any other person.
- (b) There was no amount was due by the associated undertaking.
- (c) The advances & deposits considered good & recoverable.

10. Cash & Cash Equivalents:

•		
Cash in hand	10,390,880	6,738,435
Cash at Bank (Note-10.1)	504,415,617	338,939,472
Fixed Deposit Receipt (Note-10.2)	-	1,007,166,667
	514,806,497	1,352,844,574
10.1 Cash at Bank		
Standard Chartered Bank	264,684,655	182,341,182
HSBC	128,360,893	84,886,696
Prime Bank Limited	83,041,657	41,247,907
The City Bank Limited	69,854	1,978,464
Commercial Bank of Ceylon	85,026	11,426
Bank Al-Falah	391,212	736,081
Janata Bank Limited	17,600,831	20,655,130
Mutual Trust Bank Limited	7,729,181	3,620,475
Dutch Bangla Bank Limited	653,010	2,157,390
Pubali Bank Limited	1,799,298	1,304,721
	504,415,617	338,939,472
10.2 Fixed Deposit Receipt- Janata Bank Limited	-	1,007,166,667
	-	1,007,166,667

Foreign currency account balances have been converted to Taka at the ruling rate at the reporting date.

	Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
11.	Share Capital:		
	This is made up of the followings:		
	Authorized:	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
	300,000,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10.00 each		
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
	(197,252,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10.00 each	1,972,520,000	1,972,520,000
	fully Paid up)	1,972,520,000	1,972,520,000
	Details of Share Capital are shown in the annexed schedule-B.		
12.	Retained Earnings:		
	Opening Balance	5,333,141,916	4,908,759,862
	Add: Net income during the Year	1,806,304,596	621,634,054
	Less: Cash Dividend paid during the Year	(394,504,000)	(197,252,000)
	•	6,744,942,512	5,333,141,916
13.	Long Term Borrowings:		
	Standard Chartered Bank	400,000,000	1,710,000,000
	HSBC	250,000,000	1,500,000,000
	Infrastructure Development Company Ltd. (IDCOL)	-	115,959,956
	Less: Current Portion of Long Term Borrowings	(346,666,668)	(682,904,897)
		303,333,332	2,643,055,059
-		303,333,332	2,643,055,059
	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, To	303,333,332	2,643,055,059
	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topothecation of Stock, Topothecatio	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant	2,643,055,059 & Machinery.
	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410
	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topothecation of Stock, Topothecatio	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant	2,643,055,059 & Machinery.
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123 13,612,356 276,297,479 xable temporary difference ciation and tax basis deprec	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets)
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis deprecedent the desired counting basis deprecedent to the desired counting basis dependent to the desi	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123 13,612,356 276,297,479 xable temporary difference ciation and tax basis deprec	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets)
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreceded by the don't have any other assets or liabilities except fixed assets for payable form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows:	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123 13,612,356 276,297,479 exable temporary difference ciation and tax basis depreceprovision of Deferred Tax I	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present in
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreceded by the don't have any other assets or liabilities except fixed assets for payable form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123 13,612,356 276,297,479 exable temporary difference ciation and tax basis depreceprovision of Deferred Tax I	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present in 5,682,361,671
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreceded by the don't have any other assets or liabilities except fixed assets for edetails form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets Less: Tax Base Carrying Value	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123 13,612,356 276,297,479 xable temporary difference ciation and tax basis depreceprovision of Deferred Tax I 5,485,392,598 (3,643,409,408)	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present in 5,682,361,671 (3,931,127,520)
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreced and the details form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets Less: Tax Base Carrying Value Taxable Temporary Difference	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present in 5,682,361,671 (3,931,127,520) 1,751,234,151
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreced and the analysis of the details form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets Less: Tax Base Carrying Value Taxable Temporary Difference Tax Rate	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present in (3,931,127,520) 1,751,234,151 15.00%
14. -	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreced and the desired accounting basis depreced accounting basis depreceded accounting basis depreced accounting basis depreceded accounting	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present in 5,682,361,671 (3,931,127,520) 1,751,234,151 15.00% 262,685,123
14.	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, Topeferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreceded by the don't have any other assets or liabilities except fixed assets for produced tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets Less: Tax Base Carrying Value Taxable Temporary Difference Tax Rate Closing Deferred Tax Liability Less: Opening Deferred Tax Liability	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present ir 5,682,361,671 (3,931,127,520) 1,751,234,151 15.00% 262,685,123 (214,694,410)
14.	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, To Deferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreced to details form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets Less: Tax Base Carrying Value Taxable Temporary Difference Tax Rate Closing Deferred Tax Liability Less: Opening Deferred Tax Liability Deferred Tax Expense/ (Income)	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present ir 5,682,361,671 (3,931,127,520) 1,751,234,151 15.00% 262,685,123 (214,694,410)
14.	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, To Deferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreced and the don't have any other assets or liabilities except fixed assets for edetails form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets Less: Tax Base Carrying Value Taxable Temporary Difference Tax Rate Closing Deferred Tax Liability Less: Opening Deferred Tax Liability Deferred Tax Expense/ (Income) Short Term Bank Loan (Secured):	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred taxiation on fixed assets) iabilities to present in 5,682,361,671 (3,931,127,520) 1,751,234,151 15.00% 262,685,123 (214,694,410) 47,990,713
14.	These long term loans are secured against hypothecation of Stock, To Deferred Tax Liability: Opening Balance Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) This represents tax liability payable in future due to accumulated tax balance create only from difference between accounting basis depreced to details form for unused tax losses and unused tax credits. a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows: Carrying Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets Less: Tax Base Carrying Value Taxable Temporary Difference Tax Rate Closing Deferred Tax Liability Less: Opening Deferred Tax Liability Deferred Tax Expense/ (Income) Short Term Bank Loan (Secured): Revolving Loan	303,333,332 rade Receivables and Plant 262,685,123	2,643,055,059 & Machinery. 214,694,410 47,990,713 262,685,123 s (Above deferred tax lation on fixed assets) liabilities to present in (3,931,127,520) 1,751,234,151 15.00% 262,685,123 (214,694,410) 47,990,713

 $These \ short \ term \ loans \ are \ secured \ against \ hypothecation \ of \ Stock \ and \ Trade \ Receivable.$

	Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
16.	Creditors & Other Payables:		
	Provision for Audit Fees	575,000	575,000
	Provision for Utility Bills	60,025,469	55,455,224
	Provision for Salary & Allowances	7,798,549	5,715,101
	Others	7,275,928	9,154,560
		75,674,946	70,899,885
	This represents amount payable to regular suppliers of packing macompany. All suppliers were paid on a regular basis.	iterials, utilities, and other se	rvices rendered to the
17.	Liabilities for Others Finance:		
	PF, WPPF & Other Fund	107,403,927	42,775,585
	Provision for Gratuity (Note: 17.01)	-	-
	Others	33,257,809	38,136,108
		140,661,736	80,911,693
17.1.	Provision for Gratuity:		
	Opening Balance	_	32,869,815
	Provision made for the year	34,864,212	83,461,789
	Payment made during the year	(34,864,212)	(116,331,604)
	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		-
18.	Unclaimed Dividend:		
	Opening Balance	54,851,342	53,581,472
	Addition During The Year	394,504,000	197,252,000
	Payment During The Year	(440,703,592)	(195,982,130)
		8,651,750	54,851,342
19.	Provision for Income Tax:		
	Opening Balance	90,489,894	83,321,634
	Adjustment with Advance Tax during the Year	(61,514,113)	(56,305,125)
	Provision made for the period (Note: 19.01)	309,854,073	63,473,385
		338,829,854	90,489,894
19.1	Provision made for the Year		
	A) Net Current Tax Liability on Profit Basis	309,854,073	63,434,674
	B) Tax Liability on Sales Revenue Basis	62,497,210	47,698,819
	C) Advance Income Tax (Source Tax) Paid Under ITO-1984	89,301,229	61,514,114
	Higher Amount of Tax Under Above Calculation (A:B:C)	309,854,073	63,434,674
	Add/ Less: Short/ (Excess) provision for Prior period	-	38,711
	Income Tax Provision for the Year	309,854,073	63,473,385

Particulars	_	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
A) Net Current Tax Liability on Profit Basis:			
Profit Before Tax		2,129,771,025	733,098,152
Less: Non-Operating Income	_	(53,343,676)	(19,475,519)
Net Operating Income Before Tax	_	2,076,427,349	713,622,633
Tax Rate on Net Operating Income Before Tax (as per NBR)		15.00%	15.00%
Tax Rate on Non-Operating Income (as per NBR)		22.50%	22.50%
Income Tax Liability on Operating Profit		311,464,102	107,043,395
Add: Tax Liability on Non-Operating Income		12,002,327	4,381,992
Total Tax Liability on Profit	_	323,466,429	111,425,387
Less: Deferred Tax Expenses (Income)		13,612,356	47,990,713
Net Current Tax Liability on Profit Basis	_	309,854,073	63,434,674
B) Tax Liability on Sales Revenue Basis:			
i) Minimum Tax Rate on Sales Revenue Under ITO-1984		0.60%	0.60%
ii) Applicable For Textiles Business as Per NBR		0.40%	0.40%
(0.60%/22.50%*15%) Sales Revenue		15,624,302,486	11,924,704,664
Minimum Tax Amount on Sales Revenue	_	62,497,210	47,698,819
	_	90 201 220	61,514,114
C) Advance Income Tax (Source Tax) Paid Under ITO-1984: Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate:		Ordinance1984 (Tk. 89,3	ax on Revenue unde
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022.		er than the minimum T	ax on Revenue unde
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income)		ar than the minimum T Ordinance1984 (Tk. 89,3 309,854,073 13,612,356	63,473,385 47,990,713
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses		er than the minimum T Ordinance1984 (Tk. 89,3 309,854,073	63,473,385 47,990,713
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income)		ar than the minimum T Ordinance1984 (Tk. 89,3 309,854,073 13,612,356	63,473,385 47,990,713
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses		309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429	63,473,385 47,990,713
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG)		309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19%	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock		309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19%	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year	- - -	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19%	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098 15.20%
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale		309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098 15.20%
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011)	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098 15.20% 1,274,872 42,831,924 44,106,796 (622,050)
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year	- - -	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098 15.20% 1,274,872 42,831,924 44,106,796 (622,050
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year (To be accounted for as follows)	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011)	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098 15.20% 1,274,872 42,831,924 44,106,796 (622,050)
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011)	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098 15.20% 1,274,872 42,831,924 44,106,796 (622,050)
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year (To be accounted for as follows)	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011)	63,473,385 47,990,713 111,464,098 15.20% 1,274,872 42,831,924 44,106,796 (622,050)
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year (To be accounted for as follows) Sales Accounted as follows:	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011)	1,274,872 42,831,924 43,484,746
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year (To be accounted for as follows) Sales Accounted as follows: In Quantities (KG)	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011) 44,819,045	1,274,872 42,831,924 43,484,746
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year (To be accounted for as follows) Sales Accounted as follows: In Quantities (KG)	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011) 44,819,045	ax on Revenue unde
Since the applicable tax on Profit before tax (Tk. 309,854,073) ITO-1984 (Tk. 62,497,210) and source tax deducted under Incomis provided as Tax Expense for the period ended June 30, 2022. Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Current Income Tax Expenses Deferred Tax Expenses/ (Income) Total Tax Expenses Effective Tax Rate (Tax Expenses / Profit Before Tax) Sales Revenue: In Quantity (KG) Opening Stock Production during the Year Available for Sale Closing Stock Sales during the year (To be accounted for as follows) Sales Accounted as follows: In Quantities (KG) Export Sale of Yarns	re Tax C	309,854,073 13,612,356 323,466,429 15.19% 622,050 44,723,006 45,345,056 (526,011) 44,819,045	1,274,872 42,831,924 43,484,746

Particulars		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
21. Cost of Goods Sold:			
Raw Materials Consumed (Note-21.1)		9,944,420,301	7,660,971,035
Packing Materials Consumed (Note-21.2)		143,435,615	119,096,305
Factory Overhead (Note- 21.3)	_	2,864,544,332	2,647,700,336
Cost of Goods Manufacturing		12,952,400,248	10,427,767,676
Work-In-Process (Opening)		116,600,280	104,774,292
Work-In-Process (Closing)	_	(131,982,572)	(116,600,280)
Cost of Production	_	12,937,017,956	10,415,941,688
Finished Goods (Opening)		133,626,258	306,671,712
Finished Goods (Closing)	_	(140,133,748)	(133,626,258)
Cost of Goods Sold	=	12,930,510,466	10,588,987,142
21.1. Raw Materials Consumed:			
In Quantity (KG)			
Opening Stock		12,317,297	15,486,372
Purchase during the year	_	48,409,392	43,023,361
Raw Materials Available for Consumption		60,726,689	58,509,733
Closing Stock	_	(11,869,482)	(12,317,297)
Raw Materials Consumed	Kg.	48,857,207	46,192,436
In Taka			
Opening Stock		1,873,243,764	2,243,666,211
Purchase during the year		9,783,198,723	7,290,548,588
Raw Materials Available for Consumption	-	11,656,442,487	9,534,214,799
Closing Stock		(1,712,022,186)	(1,873,243,764)
Raw Materials Consumed	тк	9,944,420,301	7,660,971,035
Consumption Ratio on Purchase		101.65%	105.08%
21.2. Packing Materials Consumed:			
Opening Stock		21,882,935	14,937,386
Purchase during the year		144,873,101	126,041,854
Available for Consumption	-	166,756,036	140,979,240
Closing Stock		(23,320,421)	(21,882,935)
Packing Materials Consumed	Tk.	143,435,615	119,096,305
Consumption Ratio on Purchase		99.01%	94.49%

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka
L.3. Factory Overhead:		
Factory Wages, Salary & Allowances	914,626,427	858,317,49
Travelling & Conveyance	179,161	127,41
Overseas Travelling	1,099,699	
Recruitment & Training Expenses	53,137	57,83
Printing Expenses	408,326	337,67
Stationery Expenses	1,568,936	1,400,95
Software & Hardware Support Expenses	2,845,308	2,291,67
Production Workers' Free Lunch	4,641,101	4,018,99
Uniform & Liveries	428,519	418,48
Fuel, Petrol, Light, Diesel etc.	112,449,818	96,078,22
Electricity, Gas & Water	827,733,161	754,481,01
Factory Consumable Expense	52,972,895	43,546,57
Medical Expenses	1,812,947	2,059,16
Repairs & Maintenance of Vehicles	18,835,328	15,607,28
Papers, Books and Periodicals	10,320	25,55
Industrial All Risk Insurance Premium	17,088,230	15,642,83
Postage, Telephone, Fax & Telex	411,052	486,86
Govt.Tax, VAT & License Fees	11,303,151	500,22
Security Services	19,958,720	20,018,56
Spare Parts - Machinery	243,822,202	224,258,30
Group Insurance	1,245,558	1,174,61
Depreciation (Schedule-A)	631,050,336	606,850,59
	2,864,544,332	2,647,700,33
2. Administrative Overhead:		
Salary and Allowances	125,313,683	121,946,54
Directors' Remuneration	55,252,500	48,000,00
Independent Directors' Honorarium	600,000	600,00
Travelling & Conveyance	843,780	659,08
Overseas Travelling	9,966,219	6,142,81 76,14
Recruitment & Training Expenses	639,897	
Head Office Employees' Free Lunch	2,417,387	2,136,44
Uniform & Liveries	144,750	84,87
Printing Expenses	153,349	325,60
Stationery Expenses	470,961	345,37
Software & Hardware Support Expenses	2,578,485	2,081,78
Postage, Telephone, Fax & Telex	390,772	507,01
Electricity, Gas & Water	3,139,743	3,046,41
Office Consumable Expense	1,996,078	1,613,06
Rental Expenses	14,486,116	14,104,31
Vehicles Running & Maintenance	9,057,588	8,161,47
Medical Expenses	1,263,970	351,08
Group Insurance	440,865	385,21
Bank Charges & Commission	7,681,930	3,462,45
Fees & Subscription	6,941,812	6,660,83
Security Service	431,343	593,26
Govt. Tax, Stamp Duty & Licence Fees	1,458,816	1,135,43
Annual General Meeting Expenses	1,324,067	1,163,98
Audit Fees	741,750	652,05
Audit I CC3	741,730	

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka

- a) Audit Fees represent auditors' remuneration for audit during the year.
- b) The Rental Expenses incurred to use two floor spaces for office with two "one-year cancellable" (both parties three months notice period) contacts. The Contracts don't offer any buying option or any assurance of post use minimum market price for the used floors. Considering exemptions allowed in IFRS-16 (Shorter contact tenor and small amount of rental expenses) the rental agreements not considered as finance lease.
- c) Directors' Remuneration is not included the Member Director of "Audit Committee" and "Nomination & Remuneration Committee"

23. Selling & Distribution Overhead:

Export Sale Expenses	16,210,148	12,400,380
Loading & Unloading	5,300,841	4,639,077
	21,510,989	17,039,457
24. Finance Cost:		
Interest on Deferred LC Loan	61,094,393	51,477,459
Interest on Loan ag. Export Bill Discount	10,518	2,512,455
Interest on OD	111,332	116,398
Interest on Short Term Loan	14,605,555	88,026,367
Interest on Long Term Loan	165,807,472	82,318,459
Interest on Sister Concerns		119,714,117
	241,629,270	344,165,255
Interest on Short Term Loan Interest on Long Term Loan	14,605,555 165,807,472	88,026,36 82,318,45 119,714,11

Interest expenses is derived from short-term loan and is recognized on an accrual basis. The finance cost includes no interest on any sort of borrowing from directors including managing director and managers.

25. Non-Operating Income:

26.

Interest Income	23,145,852	12,700,120
Forfeited Provident Fund	3,327,805	27,593,156
Gain/ (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	4,041,764	245,130
Foreign Exchange Rate Fluctuation Gain/ (Loss)	22,828,255	(21,062,887)
	53,343,676	19,475,519
Allocation for W.P.P.F & W.F:	106,488,551	36,654,908
	106,488,551	36,654,908

This represents 5% of Net Income before Tax after charging the allocation as per provisions of the Companies Profit under Labour Law 2006, amended in 2016.

27. Income Tax Expenses:	309,854,073	63,473,385
	309,854,073	63,473,385

This represents estimated Income Tax on Net Income for the Year and adjustment any short/excess provision for prior years.

28. Earnings Per Share (EPS):

Earning attributable to Ordinary Shares including other income	1,806,304,596	621,634,054
Number of Ordinary shares	197,252,000	197,252,000
Earnings Per Share	9.16	3.15

	Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share: Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Company	Taka	Taka
	Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Company		
	Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Company	8,717,462,512	7,305,661,916
	Number of Ordinary shares	197,252,000	197,252,000
10.	Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share	44.19	37.04
	Net Operating Cash flows per Share (NOCFPS):		
	Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Operating Activities	3,006,351,786	1,112,289,948
	Number of Ordinary Shares	197,252,000	197,252,000
	Net Operating Cash flows per Share (NOCFPS)	15.24	5.64
31.	Reconciliation of Net Profit with Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
	Profit After Tax	1,806,304,596	621,634,054
	Adjustment to reconcile net profit to net cash provided by operati	ng activities :	
	Non-cash Expenses:	640,607,048	658,867,925
	Depreciation	631,050,336	606,850,599
	Deferred Tax	13,612,356	47,990,713
	Net effect of foreign currency translation	(4,055,644)	4,026,613
	Non-Operating Items:	(4,041,764)	114,474,916
	Interest Expenses/ (Income) on Sister Company Loan	-	114,720,046
	Gain/ (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	(4,041,764)	(245,130)
	Changes in working Capital:	563,481,906	(282,686,947)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	180,201,016	523,338,401
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivable	249,720,518	(794,109,664)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Advances, Deposits & Prepayments	(179,304,692)	(5,270,025)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Creditors & Other Payables	4,775,061	(7,489,599)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities for Others Finance	59,750,043	(6,324,320)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Income Tax Payable	248,339,960	7,168,260
	Net Cash Generated (Used in) from Operating Activities	3,006,351,786	1,112,289,948
2.	Number of Employees:		
	The Number of employees and expenses incurred for employees d	luring the year as follows:	
	No. of Employees:		
	Below Tk. 71,880.00 p.a	-	-
•	Tk. 71,880.00 and Above	4,551	4,476
		4,551	4,476
	Amount in Taka		
	Below Tk. 71,880.00 p.a	1 020 040 440	-
	Tk. 71,880.00 and Above	1,039,940,110 1,039,940,110	980,264,033 980,264,033

	Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Taka	Taka
33.	Key Management Personnel Compensation: During the year, the amount of compensation paid to K under (As para 17 of IAS 24):	ey Management Personnel including B	oard of Directors is a
	Short Term Employee Benefits	111,782,161	109,093,018
	Post Employment Benefits	19,175,934	18,517,445
	Other Long Term Benefits	-	-
	Termination Benefits	-	-
	Share Based Payment	-	-
34.	Capital Expenditure Commitment: Contract for capital expenditure are being executed by unfinished contracts has not been reflected in this Finan		accounted for but th
35.	Claim Acknowledgement:		
	There was no claim against the Company not acknowled	ged as debt as on June 30, 2022.	
36.	Contingent Liability:		
	Contingent liabilities at the Statement of Financial Positi	on date are as follows;	
36. 1	. Guarantee Issued by Bank in favor of Vendor (Utility, Ir	surance etc):	
	Standard Chartered Bank	7,582,032	7,582,032
	HSBC	4,011,670	769,770
	Prime Bank Limited	142,398,668	136,020,468
	Bank Al-falah	17,409,336	17,409,336
		171,401,706	161,781,606
6. 2	. Contingent Liability under Import LC:		
	Standard Chartered Bank	194,835,854	475,977,317
	HSBC Bank	2,641,131,334	437,235,697
	Prime Bank	151,915,221	222,944,143
		2,987,882,409	1,136,157,157
37.	Production Capacity and Utilization:		
	Capacity Installed (In Qty):		
	No. of Spindles Installed	129,262	125,878
	No. of Rotor Heads Installed	5,192	4,792
	No. of Vortex Heads Installed	3,168	2,784
	Capacity Utilised (In Qty):		
	No. of Spindles Operated	129,262	125,878
	No. of Rotor Heads Operated	5,192	4,792
	No. of Vortex Heads Operated	3,168	2,784
	·	3,100	2,704
	Production Target (In Kg):		
	-At Equivalent 30s Count (Ring Yarn)	19,470,638	19,343,617
	- At Equivalent 14s Count (O/E Yarn)	10,984,367	10,741,362
	- At Equivalent 30s Count (Vortex Yarn)	10,533,644	10,426,317

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021 Taka
	Taka	
Actual Production (In Kg):		
-At Equivalent 30s Count (Ring Yarn)	19,043,265	19,008,553
- At Equivalent 14s Count (O/E Yarn)	10,644,031	10,521,594
- At Equivalent 30s Count (Vortex Yarn)	10,210,973	10,228,368
	39,898,269	39,758,515

a) During the last few years we had to face hard competition in the national & international market. To cope with the situation we have adopted multiple product mix to attain high margin as strategy of value addition through product differentiation. Hence, we have restated the production capacity installation criterion and actual production quantity to make them (The production data) equivalent & comparable.

38. Dividend Paid to the Shareholders:

During the year under review total cash dividend amounting to Tk. 394,504,000 has been paid to the shareholders.

39. Credit Facility:

There was no credit facility available to the Company under any contract other than bank credit facility and trade credit available in the ordinary course of business.

40. Related Party Transaction:

During the year, the Company carried out a number of transactions with related parties in the normal course of business and on an arms' length basis. The name of related parties, nature of relationship and their total value have been set out in accordance with the provisions of IAS 24: Related Party Disclosure.

Transaction with Square Pharmaceuticals Ltd. (SPL):
Opening Balance
Total Received

Opening Balance	-	(3,277,576,394)
Total Received	-	(1,269,870,456)
Total Paid	-	4,547,446,850
Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable)	-	-

Transaction with Square Texcom Ltd. (STcL): **Opening Balance**

Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable)	-	-
Total Received		(371,385,931)
Total Paid	-	231,382,648

Transaction with Aegis Services Ltd. (ASL):

Opening Balance	-	-
Total Service Received	(20,788,466)	(25,249,654)
Total Paid	20,788,466	25,249,654
Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable)		-

Transaction with Square Informatix Ltd. (SIL):

Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable)	(76,188)	(76,188)
Total Paid	10,435,577	4,856,173
Total Service Received	(10,435,577)	(4,932,361)
Opening Balance	(76,188)	-

140,003,283

Particulars	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Taka	Taka
Transaction with Square Hospitals Ltd. (SHL):		
Opening Balance	-	201,937
Total Service Received	(2,478,491)	(2,165,249
Total Paid	2,478,491	2,367,186
Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable)	-	
Transaction with Square Fashions Ltd. (SFL):		
Opening Balance	421,918,019	330,135,734
Total Goods Delivered	987,532,883	1,137,177,863
Total Received	(1,202,587,763)_	(1,045,395,578
Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable)	206,863,139	421,918,019
Opening Balance Total Goods Delivered	375,470,516 1,011,286,841 (1,206,009,226)	834,624,758
Opening Balance Total Goods Delivered Total Received	1,011,286,841	834,624,758 (616,620,479
Transaction with Square Denims Ltd. (SDL): Opening Balance Total Goods Delivered Total Received Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable) Transaction with Square Apparels Ltd. (SApL):	1,011,286,841 (1,206,009,226)	157,466,237 834,624,758 (616,620,479 375,470,51 6
Opening Balance Total Goods Delivered Total Received Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable)	1,011,286,841 (1,206,009,226)	834,624,758 (616,620,479
Opening Balance Total Goods Delivered Total Received Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable) Transaction with Square Apparels Ltd. (SApL):	1,011,286,841 (1,206,009,226) 180,748,131	834,624,758 (616,620,479 375,470,51 0
Opening Balance Total Goods Delivered Total Received Closing Balance- Receivable/ (Payable) Transaction with Square Apparels Ltd. (SApL): Opening Balance	1,011,286,841 (1,206,009,226) 180,748,131	834,624,758 (616,620,479 375,470,51 6

41. Events after the Reporting period

- 41.1 The Board of Directors in it's meeting held on October 20, 2022 approved the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Board of Directors also authorised the same for issue.
- 41.2 The Board of Directors of SQUARE TEXTILES LIMITED as it's 27th board meeting held on October 20, 2022 has recommended @ 35.00% cash dividend (i.e. Tk. 3.50 (Tk three and fifty paisa) per share) for the year ended June 30, 2022. These dividends are subject to the approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the company. The total amount of Proposed Cash Dividend for the year 2021-22 is calculated at Tk. 690,382,000.00
- 41. 3 Except above no other significant event occurred till the date of signing the financial statements.

SQUARE TEXTILES LIMITED

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT As on June 30, 2022

Schedule-A
Amount in Taka

Particulars		Cost	15			Depre	Depreciation		
		3							W.D.V As
	At 01st	During the Period	e Period	At 30th	At 01st	During th	During the Period	At 30th	At 30th
	July 2021	Additions	Sales/ Obsoletes	June-2022	July 2021	Charged	Adjustments	June-2022	June-2022
Land & Land Development	675,994,817			675,994,817		•		1	675,994,817
Building-Factory & Utility	1,356,865,895	•		1,356,865,895	515,973,207	59,871,843	•	575,845,050	781,020,845
Building-Others	379,562,365			379,562,365	234,973,180	15,973,295	1	250,946,475	128,615,890
Sheds	16,146,112	6,200,000		22,346,112	16,114,072	211,660	1	16,325,732	6,020,380
Plant & Machinery	8,454,012,335	374,874,429	(54,977,592)	8,773,909,172	4,113,737,198	471,965,387	(52,616,700)	4,533,085,885	4,240,823,287
Laboratory Equipment	61,646,948	555,291	-	62,202,239	9,851,798	8,222,249	-	18,074,047	44,128,192
Electrical Installation	407,640,351	2,800,000	•	410,440,351	233,074,082	38,560,236	•	271,634,318	138,806,033
Gas Line Installation	43,678,531	-	-	43,678,531	28,551,700	2,087,291	•	30,638,991	13,039,540
Motor Vehicles	175,719,239	50,628,213	(18,706,461)	207,640,991	130,772,551	21,904,178	(17,849,117)	134,827,612	72,813,379
Office Equipment	24,376,803	517,242	-	24,894,045	16,343,544	1,907,856	-	18,251,400	6,642,645
Furniture & Fixture	15,695,357	184,385	(11,025)	15,868,717	14,464,392	379,784	(11,025)	14,833,151	1,035,566
Computer	4,362,773	-	-	4,362,773	4,082,211	141,467	-	4,223,678	139,095
Hardware & Software	2,300,000	-	-	2,300,000	711,904	328,571	-	1,040,475	1,259,525
Boundary Wall	50,166,123	1,254,703	•	51,420,826	22,811,117	2,781,172	•	25,592,289	25,828,537
Deep Tube-Well	2,730,800	-	-	2,730,800	2,684,106	7,296	-	2,691,402	39,398
Safety & Security Equipment	2,243,507	-	-	2,243,507	1,703,011	252,779	-	1,955,790	287,717
Communication and Network Equipment	7,007,669	-	-	7,007,669	5,078,720	571,712	-	5,650,432	1,357,237
Other Assets	43,849,282	285,236	(98,836)	44,035,682	14,715,626	5,883,560	(98'836)	20,500,350	23,535,332
As at June 30, 2022	11,723,998,907	437,299,499	(73,793,914)	12,087,504,492	5,365,642,419	631,050,336	(70,575,678)	5,926,117,077	6,161,387,415
As at June 30, 2021	9,809,975,786	2,040,229,234 (126,206,113)	(126,206,113)	11,723,998,907	4,876,507,663	606,850,599	(117,715,843)	5,365,642,419	6,358,356,488

SQUARE TEXTILES LIMITED

Schedule of Share Capital As on June 30, 2022 Position of shareholding of ordinary shares as on June 30, 2022

					Schedule-B
	Particulars	2021-2022	022	2020	2020-2021
SI. No.		Number of Shares	%	Number of Shares	%
1	1 Sponsor	121,959,707	61.83	121,959,707	61.83
2	Foreign Investors	6,103,232	3.09	6,144,232	3.12
က	Financial and other Institutions	44,762,150	22.69	46,158,417	23.40
4	General Public	24,426,911	12.39	22,989,644	11.65
	- Total -	197,252,000	100.00	197,252,000	100.00

Distribition schedule of each class of equity security setting out the number of holders and percentage as on June 30, 2022

		As per Folio	Folio	As per BO ID	OID		
SI. No.	Range of Holdings	No. of holders	Holdings	No. of holders	Holdings	Total Share Holding	%
1	Less than 500 shares	3485	294,212	7309	890,986	1,185,198	09:0
7	501 to 5,000 shares	253	290,937	3049	4,947,374	5,238,311	2.66
8	5001 to 10,000 shares	7	49,127	328	2,433,135	2,482,262	1.26
4	10,001 to 20,000 shares	4	58,452	206	3,103,269	3,161,721	1.60
2	20,001 to 30,000 shares	2	54,478	26	1,356,593	1,411,071	0.72
9	30,001 to 40,000 shares	2	65,762	30	1,065,226	1,130,988	0.57
	40,001 to 50,000 shares	3	140,791	56	1,194,838	1,335,629	89:0
8	50,001 to 100,000 shares	3	228,360	31	2,380,407	2,608,767	1.32
6	100,001 to 1,000,000 shares	5	2,430,515	54	17,441,023	19,871,538	10.07
10	Over 1,000,000 shares	6	63,128,875	10	95,697,640	158,826,515	80.52
	Total	3,773	66,741,509	11,099	130,510,491	197,252,000	100.00